

101年板信商業銀行新進行員甄試試題及解答

一般行員

普通科目

功名文教機構

國文、英文

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【國文】

(1)01.下列各組詞語的寫法，沒有錯別字的是：

- (1)胼手胝足 / 按部就班
(2)默守成規 / 談笑風聲
(3)察顏觀色 / 虎視眈眈
(4)鞠躬盡悴 / 故步自封

(2)02.下列各組「」內的字，讀音完全相同的是：

- (1)「睥」睨群雄 / 無「裨」於事 / 「稗」官野史
(2)待遇優「渥」 / 從中「斡」旋 / 土壤肥「沃」
(3)手不「輟」筆 / 「掇」拾章句 / 「綴」輯所聞
(4)毫無「愠」色 / 衣敞「縕」袍 / 扇枕「溫」席

(4)03.下列文句中的「鮮」字，與「巧言令色，鮮矣仁」的「鮮」字意思相同的是：

- (1)這件事情在我幼小的心靈留下「鮮」明的記憶
(2)買些東西，無非是雞鵝魚肉、時「鮮」果子點心回來
(3)這種怪異的髮型流行一久，也就屢見不「鮮」，見怪不怪了
(4)這種療法「鮮」為人知，經媒體披露後，引起醫學界的重視

(4)04.《論語 公冶長》：「雍也，仁而不佞。」其中的「不佞」一詞，意思是：

- (1)不分是非善惡
(2)不會構陷他人入罪
(3)不懂實際的行政事務
(4)不善用花言巧語討好人

(2)05.「敢」字常用來表示冒昧地請求別人。下列詞語解說錯誤的是：

- (1)敢問：用於請問對方問題
(2)敢待：用於請人多加擔待
(3)敢煩：用於麻煩對方做某事
(4)敢請：用於請求對方做某事

(3)06.有關年齡的敘述，下列何者正確？

- (1)「不惑」是指五十歲
(2)「總角」是指已成年的男子
(3)「期頤」之年是指百歲的人瑞
(4)古人所稱的「二八年華」離「而立」之年只差二歲

(2)07.如果想要研究范仲淹的作品，可以從下列哪一本書找到最主要資料？

- (1)《昭明文選》
(2)《范文正公集》
(3)《唐宋八大家文鈔》
(4)《漢魏六朝百三家集》

(1)08.如果想要了解朱熹的生平，可以從下列哪一本史書找到資料？

- (1)《宋史》
(2)《明史》
(3)《五代史》
(4)《新唐書》

(3)09.「天孫一夜停機暇，人世千家乞巧忙」，所描述的節日是下列何者？

(1)元宵 (2)清明 (3)七夕 (4)中秋

(1)10.孔門四科分為「德行」、「言語」、「政事」、「文學」，其中以「德行」見長的是：
(1)顏淵、閔子騫 (2)子游、子夏 (3)宰我、子貢 (4)冉有、季路

(4)11.「胸無城府」一詞，是用來比喻：
(1)只顧眼前，沒有遠大志向 (2)做事不先規劃，紊亂凌散
(3)毫無學識，不辨是非曲直 (4)為人坦率正直，沒有心機

(1)12.今年的生肖屬龍，有關「龍」字的成語，下列解釋何者正確？
(1)龍飛鳳舞：形容筆勢生動活潑 (2)龍章鳳姿：形容英雄乘時而得勢
(3)龍韜虎略：比喻有潛能而未被發掘者 (4)龍盤虎踞：比喻人志氣高遠或氣勢威武

(3)13.先秦諸子中，主張「小國寡民，使有什伯之器而不用，使民重死而不遠徙。甘其食，美其服，安其居，樂其俗。鄰國相望，雞犬之聲相聞，民至老死不相往來」的是：
(1)孔子 (2)荀子 (3)老子 (4)墨子

(2)14.下列詩文與音樂有關的是：
(1)揮手自茲去，蕭蕭班馬鳴 (2)無絲竹之亂耳，無案牘之勞形
(3)月落烏啼霜滿天，江楓漁火對愁眠 (4)聞城中塵囂聲，如蠅營營，殊聒人耳

(3)15.據《史記》記載，曾經有一本書在完稿後，「布咸陽市門，懸千金其上，延諸侯游士賓客有能增損一字者予千金」，這本書是：
(1)《左傳》 (2)《公羊傳》 (3)《呂氏春秋》 (4)《晏子春秋》

(2)16.有關生活中常用的題辭，下列何者解說正確？
(1)福壽全歸：用於祝賀男壽 (2)雀屏妙選：用於祝賀嫁女
(3)椿萱並茂：用於祝賀子孫滿堂 (4)端木遺風：用於祝賀商店開業

(4)17.孟子曰：「有為者，辟若掘井。掘井九仞而不及泉，猶為棄井也。」旨在勉人為學做事，必須持之以恆，不可半途而廢。此章旨意與下列《論語》章句可相闡發的是：
(1)子曰：「君子無終食之間違仁，造次必於是，顛沛必於是。」
(2)子曰：「若聖與仁，則吾豈敢！抑為之不厭，誨人不倦，則可謂云爾已矣。」
(3)子曰：「飯疏食飲水，曲肱而枕之，樂亦在其中矣。不義而富且貴，於我如浮雲。」
(4)子曰：「譬如為山，未成一簣；止，吾止也！譬如平地，雖覆一簣，進，吾往也。」

(3)18.下列文句何者用字完全正確？
(1)經過一整年的忙錄工作，他終於被拔擢為正式職員
(2)只要再接再勵，努力不懈，任何人都可能獲得成功
(3)這件刑案的案情極撲朔迷離，考驗警方的辦案能力
(4)父母從小就應該貫輸子女正確的做事態度與價值觀

(2)19.韓愈 進學解：「貪多務得，細大不捐；焚膏油以繼晷，恆兀兀以窮年。」句中「焚膏油以繼晷」是形容：
(1)節省能源 (2)辛勤不懈 (3)不知節制 (4)細心觀察

(1)20.「做任何事情，難免會遭遇困難，但只要能 _____，用心思考，那麼，一定可以想出解決的辦法。」處應填入下列何者？
(1)殫精竭慮 (2)肆無忌憚 (3)簞食瓢飲 (4)擔驚受怕

(1)21.《詩經 小雅 蓼莪》：「父兮生我，母兮鞠我，拊我畜我，長我育我，顧我復我，出入腹我。」

在作法上屬於：

- (1)賦 (2)比 (3)興 (4)頌

(1)22.「讀文學名家的散文，須細細咀嚼文字的巧妙。」句中「咀嚼」二字意謂：

- (1)反覆體會、玩味 (2)用牙齒咬碎、磨細
(3)要咬碎才能慢慢吸收 (4)要不斷的糾正錯誤才能瞭解

(1)23.下列各詞語中的「之」字，當動詞用的是：

- (1)欲「之」南海 (2)一介「之」夫 (3)聚而殲「之」 (4)求「之」不得

(4)24.陳先生想寫信給他的同輩朋友，信封的中路應怎樣寫才正確？

- (1) 先生敬啟 (2) 吾友鈞啟 (3) 吾友安啟 (4) 先生大啟

(4)25.「文起八代之衰，道濟天下之溺。」一語是：

- (1)蘇軾讚美歐陽修之詞 (2)柳宗元讚美韓愈之詞
(3)孟子讚美孔子之詞 (4)蘇軾讚美韓愈之詞

【英文】

一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

(1)26. It is a non-smoking building, so there is no place for customers to put their cigarette _____.

- (1)butts (2)sticks (3)leftovers (4)remains

(4)27. Although Dr. Myers is qualified in several areas, distance education is one of his _____.

- (1)specials (2)specialists (3)specializes (4)specialties

(1)28. The wooden hut had been completely destroyed because it was not a very _____ structure.

- (1)sturdy (2)fancy (3)cozy (4)shabby

(1)29. The rainstorm caused _____ in the low-lying parts of the town.

- (1)flood (2)drought (3)sunstroke (4)earthquake

(3)30. The moment I _____ my smartphone, I received six text messages from my friends.

- (1)applied (2)regretted (3)activated (4)terminated

(2)31. After he _____ a pot of tea for us, he began to explain the rules of the game to us very carefully.

- (1)burned (2)brewed (3)stewed (4)baked

(2)32. Do not be afraid to ask for _____ of something that has been said during the interview if you want to be sure what was implied.

- (1)ambiguity (2)clarification (3)tolerance (4)vagueness

(3)33. He refuses to _____ details of the transaction to the police.

- (1)discover (2)convince (3)disclose (4)conduct

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

(4)34. The company has decided that special attention _____ in the coming years to the training of high quality employees so as to raise efficiency.

- (1)to be given (2)is to give (3)would have given (4)will be given

(2)35. Whether we can succeed in achieving our goal _____ on next week's business meeting agenda.

- (1)depend (2)depends (3)depending (4)to depend
- (1)36. Organically grown greenhouse fruits are seeing increased sales _____ their higher cost.
 (1)despite (2)because (3)even if (4)although
- (3)37. The 1991 Nobel Peace Prize _____ to Aung San Suu Kyi, Burmese opposition leader, for her non-violent struggle for democracy and human rights.
 (1)awards (2)awarded (3)was awarded (4)were awarded
- (2)38. Hakka people are used to _____ meat by salting it.
 (1)preserve (2)preserving (3)preserves (4)preserved
- (3)39. Last Wednesday top chefs from 12 of Taiwan ' s hotels _____ together for an event announcing that they will be offering healthier foods in the future.
 (1)come (2)comes (3)came (4)will come
- (4)40. Only when visitors are accompanied by a member of the staff _____ to enter the building.
 (1)they are allowed (2)they will be allowed (3)will they allow (4)will they be allowed

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

In an attempt to plug dwindling domestic consumption by tapping into overseas markets, some of Japan's big-name retailers are telling their employees to start speaking English --or find another job. As Japan's population 41, the country's retailers are increasingly looking to boost sales by expanding abroad. Additionally, some firms are waking up to the necessity of being able to speak the global language of business 42 succeed overseas.

Rakuten, Japan's biggest online retailer, plans to make English the firm's official language, while Fast Retailing, operator of the Uniqlo apparel chain, wants to make English more common in its offices by 2012 and plans to test its employees for proficiency. "It's about stopping being a Japanese company. We will become a world company," Rakuten CEO Hiroshi Mikitani said last week at a news conference in Tokyo -- 43 almost entirely in English. Employees at Rakuten will need to master English by 2012 to avoid facing the sack. "No English, no job," Mikitani told the Asahi newspaper.

Other high-profile Japanese companies, including automakers Toyota Motor and Nissan Motor, have announced moves to make the use of English more common in the workplace. Some experts say the switch to English is healthy but just one of the changes companies need to make to go global. "What's interesting is that these companies really 44 as pioneers," Jeff Kingston, director of Asian Studies at Temple University's Japan campus. They have a relatively new outlook. They realize that Japan is going to need to strike into foreign markets given the dormant state of its 45," he said. Facing dwindling domestic demand, Fast Retailing plans to broaden its consumer base by expanding into Malaysia and Taiwan later this year.

- (2)41.(1)shrink (2)shrinks (3)shrank (4)shrunk
- (1)42.(1)in order to (2)is about to (3)as well as (4)no less than
- (4)43.(1)conduct (2)conducts (3)conducting (4)conducted
- (3)44.(1)give in (2)make up (3)stand out (4)cut down
- (2)45.(1)politics (2)economy (3)religion (4)history

四、閱讀測驗

There's a different kind of graffiti that uses the actual street as a canvas and adds a whole new dimension. It's called three-dimensional street art, and it's out of this world. Normal graffiti looks like a flat, two-dimensional picture,

but three-dimensional paintings appear to be coming right out of the surface. Many people have already experienced 3D animation at work in James Cameron's latest sci-fi hit movie, *Avatar*. With 3D street paintings, you don't even wear 3D glasses.

Imagine walking up to a crack in the icy surface of the Earth. Go one step further and you will fall into the freezing water hundreds of meters below. This is the kind of thrill you get when you see the incredible piece called the *Crevasse* by Edgar Mueller. Of course, you know it is just a painting. Mueller knows that your eyes can trick your mind, so his painting makes you wonder for a moment if the ground has actually disappeared. This incredible painting is one of the best examples of optical illusion to date. He spent five days, working 12 hours a day, to create the 250 square meter image of the crevasse.

Mueller, a German artist, is one of the best known 3D street painters in the world. The huge street serves as his canvas, and he uses chalk or washable paint to make his masterpieces. Another features an enormous shark with its mouth open, bursting out of a brick floor and ready to seize passersby. Using great skill and patience, Mueller, along with other talented 3D street artists, are adding a new dimension to graffiti.

- (1)46. In paragraph 1, the phrase out of this world is closest in meaning to _____.
- (1)extremely good (2)extremely lucky (3)extremely strange (4)extremely difficult
- (4)47. According to the article, what is 3D graffiti?
- (1)Landscape paintings on walls. (2)Paintings only found on walls.
(3)Art using a number of colors on all surfaces. (4)Art giving the illusion of being real and not flat.
- (3)48. Which of the following is an example of an optical illusion?
- (1)A cellphone with a hidden button. (2)A painting of a shark devouring its prey.
(3)A shirt that has a tie printed on it to trick you. (4)A person drawing a picture on the street.
- (4)49. Which of the following is true about Edgar Mueller's paintings?
- (1)They are usually done on canvas. (2)Many people think they make a mess of the streets.
(3)They were inspired by the movie, *Avatar*. (4)They make people second-guess what they see.
- (2)50. Where is Edgar Mueller from?
- (1)Japan. (2)German. (3)Italy. (4)America.