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於答案卷上作答時, [;] 科成績以零分計。	不得書寫與題意無關之姓名	、編號或其他不應有的文字、	標記、符號等,違反者詞
一、字彙【請依照句子詞	前後文意,選出最適當的答	案】	
that destro directly to patients.	ys their ability to see. It is the f	gene therapy treatment for patie	e a corrective gene is given
(1)determination	(2)precaution	(3)mutation	(4)dedication
		always be there so they must we ding limiting the harvest of fema (3)reservation	-
(2)03.After the wildfire, President Donald Trump declared part of northern California a disaster area. His declaration makes the area for assistance from the federal government.			
(1)marginal	(2)eligible	(3)synthetic	(4)spiral
(4)04.Jenny and John had t that she had a secret	-	s was no surprise to hi	m, as he had long suspected
(1)institution	(2)prejudice	(3)exploration	(4)confession
	-	igious leaders in Vietnam reporte al action, restrictions on travel an	
(1)termination	(2)supplement	(3)unemployment	(4)harassment
		ignificant changes to the weight, Athletes who wear the un (3)faculty	
(3)07.John's lack of		vs him to give objective financia	l advice to his clients.
(1)adaptation	(2)friction	(3)affiliation	(4)mediation
		y find on the Internet so they new really has to be taught and paid a	

(1)endurance	(2)starvation	(3)vibration	(4)vulnerability
(4)10.More counselors suggest th their conduct than suspend		ing students in school and hold	I students for
(1)symbolic	(2)vicious	(3)harmonious	(4)accountable
(3)11.Every science must develo and will be entir	ely.	-	
(1)endorsed	(2)worshiped	(3)discarded	(4)legalized
(1)12.His change is not obvious (1)subtle	but Only very few o (2)apparent	f his closest friends can detect (3)dense	his change. (4)fertile
(2)13.The prices of urban houses	have Many young p	people cannot dream to afford	one.
(1)descended	(2)soared	(3)stabilized	(4)sank
(3)14.The country's economy re			
(1)flourishing	(2)booming	(3)sluggish	(4)escalating
(2)15.We are not cons the cost is going to be.	umers of health insurance. We	have no idea what we're buying	g. We have no idea what
(1)adolescent	(2)savvy	(3)amateurish	(4)illiterate
二、文法測驗【請在下列各類 (2)16.Since the country's econor needy children.	ny is getting worse, it is not su		
(1)so little	(2)so few	(3)so scarcelyany	
(1)17. Due to technical problems (1)will be given		(3)will be giving	-
(4)18.Would you have studied in (1)understand (3)had been understanding	London if you how	high the cost of living there wa (2)understood (4)had understood	as?
(4)19 a typhoon strikes Taiwan, the heavy rain brings about landslides and mudslides in the mountainous area.			
(1)Whatever	(2)Even if	(3)Though	(4)Whenever
(3)20.Is the tea? (1)so cool for you to drink (3)cool enough for you to d	drink	(2)too cool that you can drin (4)enough cool to drink	nk
(2)21. When the guests left, the hostess cleaning up the mess from the party, but she soon got it done in two hours.			
(1)hasn' t finished	(2)hadn' t finished	(3)is not finished	(4)is not finishing
(3)22.Not for a moment	that her son will get promote	d as the CEO of that big comp	any.
(1)the mother has doubted		(2)the mother does doubt	
(3) does the mother doubt		(4)doubts the mother	

(1)23 it will cost to bui	Id the rapid transit system in th	at big city?	
(1)How much do you think		(2)How do you think	
(3)How much you do think		(4)What doyou think	
(2)24. I thought the conference wa	as going to be boring, but it	to be quite useful.	
(1)wentout	(2)turnedout	(3)cameout	(4)movedout
(4)25 to see the dance p	performed by the deaf and the b	blind! I can' t figure out how th	ey make it.
(1)It is amazed	(2)What amazing it is	(3)How amazed it is	(4)How amazing it is
(3)26 is totally unbelieved	/able.		
(1)That he says	(2)What did he say	(3)What he said	(4)He said
(1)27 and you will have no trouble meeting friends.			
(1)Be polite.	(2)That you are polite	(3)You who are polite	(4)Being polite
(1)28.The car accident left him			
(1)paralyzed	(2)was paralyzed	(3)be paralyzed	(4)being paralyzed
(3)29. The color of his bedroom is brighter his living room.			
(1)as	(2)than that	(3)than that of	(4)as then
(4)30.The soldier would	to the enemy.		
(1)preferdie to surrender		(2) die rather to surrender	
(3) die to surrendering		(4)rather die than surrender	

三、**克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】** 第一篇:

Facebook has released new research suggesting social media can harm mental health when used in certain ways. Facebook said research suggested that social media users who spent a lot of time only reading information –but not interacting with **31** –reported feeling worse afterward. One studyfound that college students chosen to only read Facebook for 10 minutes were in a worse mood at the end of the day than **32** who read and posted messages or communicated with friends.Overall, Facebook said it isnot just social media use that can affect a person 's well-being. Rather, it believes both good and bad effects can result from **33**.

Facebook's former founding president Sean Parker accused the social media service of using methods that "exploit " human psychology.Parker said the goal in the early days of Facebook was to find ways to **34** as much of a user's time and attention as possible. Former Facebook executive Chamath Palihapitiya recently said he now believes Facebook and other social media services provide tools that are "ripping apart" the way humans interact in society.He said the problems are being fueled by the basic need of people to seek ongoing feedback from otherpeople. **35** feedback can actually lead to the pleasure chemical dopamine beingreleased in the brain, he added.Since more harmful effects of social media have been revealed, many experts haveurgedeveryone to consider quitting social media and have provided steps for helping people do this.

(4)31.(1)another	(2)the other	(3)the others	(4)others
(2)32.(1)that	(2)those	(3)these	(4)this
(4)33.(1)what is the service		(2) the service is used what	
(3)how is the service		(4)how the service is used	
(1)34.(1)take up	(2)pick up	(3)make up	(4)cheer up

(3)35.(1)So 第二篇:

The year 2018 will mark the 100th anniversary of the deadliest influenza outbreak in history. Scientists estimate that the influenza pandemic of 1918 killed more than 50 million people around the world. Other estimates go much higher. Because of **36** medical record-keeping, we may never know the exact number.

However, the outbreak was a global disaster, killing more people than World War I. The 1918 flu pandemic was also different from other outbreaks. It struck many healthy, young people. Viruses usually affect sick or old people. Scientists now say they know why. In 1918, people born after 1889 were most at risk because they **37** to an earlier virus as children. This exposure would have protected them somewhat from the 1918 flu.

Creating an effective flu vaccine is difficult. Each year, medical scientists develop flu vaccines. But they can only guess **38** strain of the virus will spread. **39**, flu viruses are constantly changing –they can change from one season to the next or they can even change within the course of one fluseason.

Health officials remain concerned about another flu pandemicbecausenew strains of the flu virus appear regularly. However, outbreaks do not affect all parts of the world equally. Expertspointthat pandemics hit the developing world harder because of low vaccination rates. To stop the next pandemic, scientists are now researching **40** a universal influenza vaccine. However, until a universal influenza vaccine is available, today 's seasonal flu vaccine remains important. Experts say that they may prevent the spread of the flu virus and may lower the risk of a deadly pandemic likethe onein 1918.

(3)36.(1)plenty of	(2)a risk of	(3)a lack of	(4)sort of
(1)37.(1)had not been exposed		(2)were not exposing	
(3)have not exposed		(4)had not exposed	
(2)38.(1)how	(2)which	(3)why	(4)what
(4)39.(1)Therefore	(2)Instead	(3)Likewise	(4)Furthermore
(3)40.(1)to create how	(2)to createwhat	(3)how to create	(4)what to create

四、閱讀測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

第一篇:

In the era before the arrival of the white settlers, Native Americans managedto survive and prosper without any of the inventions of more technologically advanced societies. In fact, some of their accomplishments almost defy explanation. The native people depended heavily on timber for their existence, but how was it that they could cut down trees without the aid of iron axes –indeed, without any metal tools at all?

Native Americans solve that problem as they did other problems that confronted them in their wilderness environment-by using goodold-fashioned American ingenuity. The hardest material available to the American Indians was stone , while the most powerful force they possessedwas fire. By combing these two tools, they were able to fell trees quite efficiently.

The American Indians made some stonehatches. These were sharpened in preparation for each timber harvest. For a harvest, they first selected the trees to be felled. Then they would build fire to encircle the bottom of a tree. The flames would burn the trunk in a narrow circular ring near the bottom of the tree. The **charred**wood could be easily hacked away with a stone axe. When the first layer had been cut away, another layer was charred and hacked away, and this procedure was repeated until the tree toppled.

Stone and fire proved to be adequate substitutes for metals, which Native Americans of this early time never knew existed.

(2)41.What is the main idea of this passage?

(1)Native Americans relied on trees for their existence.

(2)Native Americans used great ingenuityto cut down trees.

(3)Native Americans knew how to build fires.

(4)Native Americans discovered iron.

(4)42.Felling trees was acc	omplished mainly with the aid of	: 		
(1)patience		(2)fire and vines used	as rope	
(3)nature		(4)stone and fire		
(1)43.For American Indian	s, felling trees was a			
(1)job	(2)sport	(3)custom	(4)hobby	
(4)44.The author reveals N	ative Americans' cleverness with	າ		
(1)a short story		(2)a documented incid	(2)a documented incident	
(3)a humorous anecdote		(4)a description of a p	(4)a description of a process	
(3)45.In this passage, the w	ord char means			
(1)to torture	(2)to oppress	(3)to scorch	(4)to foster	
65 — 65				

第二篇:

Industrial safetydoes not justhappen. Companies with low accident rates plan their safety programs, work hard to organize them and continue working to keep them alive and active. When the work is well done, a climate of accidentfree operations is established where time lost due to injuries is kept at a minimum.

Successful safety programs may differ greatly in the emphasis placed on certain aspects of the program. Some place great emphasis on mechanical guarding. Others stress safe work practices by following rules covering working conditions . But, there are certainbasic ideas that must be used in every program if the maximum results are to be obtained.

Every plant needs a safety program designed for its specific need. Surveys have shown that the highest injury frequency rates are oftenfound in the medium-sized plants, those with 50-500 employees. Large plants, with 500 or more employees, tend to have the best rate. However, the need for asafety plan exists regardless of size.

There can be no question about the value of a safety program. From a financial standpointalone, safety pays off. The fewer the injured claims, the better the workmen's insurance rate. This may mean the difference between operating at a profit or a loss.

There are other tangible benefits. Operatingcost can be reduced because of less damage to equipment and product. Production increases because people can work without the fear of injury. These are tangible benefits that make everyonehappy.

Less tangible benefits are a direct result of a successful safety program. A plant with a poor accident record does not attract or hold the best workers. On the other hand, a clean, safe plant creates the climate where good workhabits can be cultivated. A safety program will help to attract goodworkers and conserve their skills. A safe plant is a well-organized plant that soon becomes known as a good place to work. Management's attitude toward to its workers is seen in such a plant. And the result is good publicrelations.

(1)46.The author describes a safe plant as one with _____

(1)positive management activities	(2)flexible scheduling
(3)advanced production concepts	(4)more injury claims

(4)more injury claims

(4)47. The cost of workmen's compensation insurance is often based on

(1)basic salary

(2)plant location

(3)number of employees

(2)48. The author suggests that _____

(1) large plants regard safety as an outgrowth of strict discipline

(2) large plants are more aware of safety needs

(3) large plants have better mechanics.

(4) large plants post safety regulations at all building exits

(3)49.The authors implies that _____

(1)many factories are unwilling to try safety programs

(2)plant safety occurs naturally from carefulwork

(3) accident-free operations must be well-planned

(4)people should work in large plants

(1)50.We can conclude that _____

(1)safety programs are beneficial to plants of all sizes

(2)products reflect the cost of safety programs

(3)the government should pay for many safety programs

(4) there are too many injury claims