

108年第一銀行新進行員甄試試題及解答

一般行員A組

共同科目

功名文教機構

英文

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於答案卷上作答時，不得書寫與題意無關之姓名、編號或其他不應有的文字、標記、符號等，違反者該科成績以零分計。

一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

- (1)01. John is about to turn _____, but he doesn't look his age at all.
(1)forty (2)forety (3)fourty (4)fourtey
- (1)02. How much do these tomatoes _____?
(1)cost (2)pay (3)price (4)charge
- (3)03. The shortest month of the year is _____.
(1)July (2)January (3)February (4)December
- (4)04. My favorite subject at school was _____ because I love learning about numbers.
(1)art (2)history (3)geography (4)mathematics
- (2)05. When Jack went through customs, nobody _____ his passport.
(1)looked (2)checked (3)controlled (4)watched
- (4)06. Joseph is seriously ill; I think we should call an _____ right away.
(1)accident (2)engine (3)illness (4)ambulance
- (1)07. Sally's mother is a very good _____. Every dish is tasty and delicious.
(1)cook (2)cooking (3)cooker (4)cookery
- (3)08. Did you enjoy the _____ from London to Tokyo?
(1)fly (2)flew (3)flight (4)flying
- (4)09. Bill loves repairing cars as he wants to be a _____.
(1)doctor (2)painter (3)waiter (4)mechanic
- (2)10. It's true that the surroundings will _____ one's work and studies.
(1)check (2)affect (3)effect (4)attend
- (3)11. Sarah was so grief-stricken after her mother's death that she couldn't even bring herself to go to the _____.
(1)century (2)centrality (3)cemetery (4)certification
- (2)12. Stephen's buckle must have been too _____ and his pants dropped to the floor during the performance.
(1)lose (2)loose (3)loss (4)lost
- (3)13. Jorge is Venezuelan and his wife is _____.
(1)Swede (2)Swedes (3)Swedish (4)Sweden

- (1)14.You should wear a smile on your face rather than keep a _____ face all day long.
 (1)straight (2)guilty (3)sticky (4)wooden
- (2)15.My father's physical _____ doesn't allow him to work too long.
 (1)attraction (2)condition (3)checkup (4)training
- (3)16.Janet makes a _____ by working as a department store clerk.
 (1)life (2)fame (3)living (4)money
- (4)17.Michelle has changed so much that I could hardly _____ her.
 (1)know (2)realize (3)recall (4)recognize
- (2)18.The song on the radio _____ us of our childhood in the country.
 (1)talks (2)reminds (3)suggests (4)remembers
- (3)19.There seemed to be no better _____ to their financial problems than the one you had put forward at the meeting.
 (1)track (2)method (3)solution (4)decision
- (1)20.The badminton match will be held in the _____.
 (1)gymnasium (2)asylum (3)sanatorium (4)rehabilitation

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

- (2)21.The price of the blue suit is much higher than _____ of the black one.
 (1)this (2)that (3)what (4)which
- (3)22._____ you get home, we'll be having dinner.
 (1)In time (2)On time (3)By the time (4)For the time
- (2)23.I don't like this dress. Please show me _____ one.
 (1)other (2)another (3)the other (4)others
- (4)24.She sliced the apple, then took one of the _____ to give to her dog.
 (1)halfs (2)haffs (3)haves (4)halves
- (3)25.By July, we'll_____ here for ten years.
 (1)live (2)be living (3)have been living (4)have beenlived
- (1)26.The three students have handed in the homework, but _____ haven't yet.
 (1)the others (2)others (3)the other (4)other
- (1)27.We hire him to transport the bricks _____ the house to the construction site.
 (1)made into (2)made of (3)made from (4)madeup of
- (4)28.She makes it a rule to _____ her housework straight after breakfast.
 (1)lie in (2)fill up (3)reach for (4)set about
- (1)29.Robert doesn't like being cheated, _____.
 (1)nor does Francis (2)so does Francis (3)so Francis does (4)nor Francis does
- (2)30.Roger's remarks were _____ annoy everybody at the meeting.
 (1)so as to (2)such as to (3)such to (4)so such as
- (2)31.I like the beach better _____ the mall. Let's go there; _____ we can go to the mall tonight.

- (1)than / than (2)than / then (3)then / than (4)then / then
- (4)32.I can tell you why _____ here. You left _____ keys on the kitchen counter.
 (1)your / your (2)you / your (3)your / you're (4)you're / your
- (2)33.A: _____ will you finish the project report? B: In three hours.
 (1)How often (2)How long (3)Howsoon (4)How many hours
- (4)34.Ken wishes he _____ the doctor's advice then.
 (1)takes (2)is taking (3)has taken (4)had taken
- (1)35.If she is unwilling to listen to you, _____ to hold your tongue.
 (1)it is better (2)you had. (3)you had better (4)you had best
- (3)36.Fat cannot change into muscle _____ muscle can change into fat.
 (1)no more (2)no less than (3)any more than (4)not more than
- (4)37.We must pay attention to _____ problem of pollution because we can't live without _____ air.
 (1) /, / (2)the, the (3) /, the (4)the, /
- (3)38.Civil Rights are the freedoms and rights _____ as a member of community, state or nation.
 (1)may have person (2)may have a person (3)a person may have (4)a person to have
- (2)39._____, the technique of making them was entirely lost for many years.
 (1)Although the revered position of ancestral clay pots
 (2)Despite the revered position of ancestral clay pots
 (3)In spite of the position of ancestral clay pots was high
 (4)Revered though was the position of ancestral clay pots
- (1)40.While looking down on the earth from space, _____.
 (1)you can see only one man-made structure
 (2)there is only one man-made structure that you can see
 (3)the only man-made structure to be seen is the Great Wall
 (4)the Great Wall is the only man-made structure to be seen

三、克漏字測驗【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

第一篇：

My name is Hannah and I'm twenty years old. I've got a daughter 41 Nicole. She's nearly three now. I live in a small flat in the city centre. It isn't a nice place to live. It's very noisy and dirty and there is 42 for Nicole to play. I want to move out of the city and live in the countryside. But it's very expensive to live there. I will need to earn that money to buy a house. There aren't many flats for sale in the small villages near here. I will need to buy a car, 43. That's why I study at college. I'm studying Business. 44 I am at college, my mum looks after Nicole. My mum really likes 45 time with her. In the evening, I work as a cleaner. I clean people's houses. Nicole comes with me. She plays quietly with her toys while I work.

- (2)41.(1)calls (2)called (3)names (4)naming
- (2)42.(1)anywhere (2)nowhere (3)elsewhere (4)somewhere
- (3)43.(1)though (2)so (3)too (4)either
- (4)44.(1)But (2)Then (3)Where (4)While
- (1)45.(1)spending (2)costing (3)taking (4)playing

第二篇：

The man who opened fire on two New Zealand mosques on March 15, 2019 may have succeeded in killing 50 people, but the country's leader has promised to deny him the one thing he truly wanted: Notoriety. "You will never hear me 46 his name," Prime Minister Jacinda Ardern told the New Zealand Parliament. "He is a terrorist, he is a criminal, he is an extremist, but he will, when I speak, be 47, and to others I implore you: Speak the names of those who were lost rather than the name of the man who took them. He may 48 notoriety but we in New Zealand will give him nothing—not even his name."

It has been Ardern's face—and not that of the suspected shooter—that has come to 49 media coverage. As the suspect—thanks in part to a ban on publishing certain details about him—has been forced 50 the background, facing punishment but denied the fame he desired. Politicians and world leaders condemned the attacks, and Prime Minister Ardern described the attacks as "one of New Zealand's darkest days."

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| (1)46.(1)mention | (2)ignore | (3)charge | (4)suggest |
| (3)47.(1)faceless | (2)hopeless | (3)nameless | (4)faithless |
| (4)48.(1)to seek | (2)is seeking | (3)has sought | (4)have sought |
| (2)49.(1)yield | (2)dominate | (3)silence | (4)surrender |
| (1)50.(1)into | (2) on | (3)up | (4)with |

四、閱讀測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

第一篇：

Imagine the typical work situation of the past. A traditional woman's workplace was the home. Her occupation was a combination of housekeeper, cook, driver, babysitter, teacher and gardener. A man's workplace was probably in a factory or an office. Factory workers, like other blue-collar workers, probably used machinery, but some amount of the work was manual. Office workers, like other white-collar workers, didn't work with machines or their hands. Instead, they dealt with ideas, numbers and people. Most of them had secretaries who typed, filed papers, and answered phones.

Technology has already caused changes in these traditional work situations, but we will see more changes in the future. The increasing use of robots—machines that do the jobs of human beings—will mean fewer jobs for blue-collar workers, who in the future will not need much education or skill, but their pay will be low.

The use of computers will continue to create enormous changes for white-collar workers. In offices, as in factories, there will be a need for fewer people, but those people will need more skills. Secretaries, for instances, will need to be able to use word processing and other computer packages. In addition, many office workers will be free to work in several locations—e.g., the office and the home. This will be possible because of computer networks—groups of connected computers. Today most men and over half of all women leave the house each day to go to work, but in the future both men and women may choose to stay home with a computer and still be able to receive a paycheck.

Experts predict that shopping habits may greatly change in the future. Some people are shopping less and less in stores and more and more with computers or mobile phones. Some consumers now order airline tickets, computer products, food, clothes and groceries, to name a few, online. These items arrive soon in the mail at their homes or workplaces.

- (4)51. According to the passage, the occupation of traditional women is working as a _____.
- | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| (1)secretary | (2)white-collar worker | (3)blue-collar worker | (4)housewife |
|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
- (3)52. According to the passage, most work blue-collar workers do is _____.
- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| (1)to work with ideas | (2)to deal with people |
| (3)work with machines | (4)to do mainly manual work |

(2)53. _____ in the future.

- (1)Chances for white-collars will be fewer
- (3)There will be more employment

- (2)Robots will do more and more work
- (4)Blue collars will have more work opportunities

(1)54. In the future, white-collar workers will _____.

- (1)be more flexible when choosing their work places
- (2)need more management abilities
- (3)work freely at several places at the same time
- (4)face greater challenge from the blue-collar workers

(4)55. What are the changes happening to the shopping way of people nowadays?

- (1)People spend less and less money in shopping.
- (2)Most of what people buy has to be with bargains.
- (3)Most people adopt mail as a way of shopping.
- (4)People begin to do their shopping via computers and smartphones.

第二篇：

A study of art history might be a good way to learn more about the culture than is possible to learn in general history classes. Most typical history courses concentrate on politics, economics and war. But art history focuses on much more than this because art also reflects religious beliefs, emotions and psychology. In addition, information about the daily activities of our ancestors—or of people very different from our own—can be provided by art. In short, a study of art clearly offers us a deeper understanding than can be found in most history books.

History books usually present objective information about the political life of a country, but opinions are implicit. Art, on the other hand, is subjective: it reflects emotions and opinions. The great Spanish painter Francisco Goya was perhaps the first “political” artist. In his well-known painting *The Third of May, 1808*, he depicted soldiers shooting a group of simple people. This depiction of faceless soldiers and their victims has become a symbol of the enormous power—and the misuse of this power—that a government can have over its people. Over a hundred years later, the symbolic images in Pablo Picasso's *Guernica* express the horror of war. In summary, a personal and emotional view of history can be presented through art.

For centuries in Europe, religious art was almost the only type of art that existed. Churches and other religious buildings were filled with paintings that depicted people and stories from the Bible. Although most people were illiterate, they could still understand biblical stories in the pictures on church walls. By contrast, one of the main characteristics of art in the Middle East was (and still is) its absence of human and animal images. This reflects the Islamic belief (from the Koran) that statues are unholy. By Islamic law, artists are not allowed to copy human or animal figures except on small items for daily use (e.g. rugs and bowls). Thus, on palaces, mosques, and other buildings, Islamic artists have created unique decoration of great beauty with images of flowers and geometric forms. They have also shown great creativity and discipline in their use of Arabic writing as an art form.

(2)56. In the beginning of the passage, the author suggests that _____.

- (1)art tells more than general history class about war
- (2)art shows personal perspectives about human activities
- (3)history classes tend to teach subjective opinions
- (4)it is more useful to learn art than to learn history

(1)57. In history books we can find _____.

- (1)facts about politics and war

- (2)political values of people
- (3)information of politicsand author's comment
- (4)information of economics and the prediction of its development

(3)58.Which of the following can NOT be found in art?

- (1)Opinion of the author himself
- (2)Religious belief and psychology of people
- (3)Objective information of the politics
- (4)Information about daily activities of our forefather

(4)59.What does the author mean by calling Goya the first “ political ” artist?

- (1)He was the first artist who served politics.
- (2)He was the first artist who understood the true meaning of war.
- (3)He was the first artist who were interested in politics.
- (4)He was the first artist who showed true aspects of politics.

(1)60.By Islamic law, _____.

- (1)no human and animal should be included in the painting except on some small-items
- (2)artists areonly allowed to take flower and geometric forms
- (3)artists should show great creativity in a unique art form
- (4)human and animal can only be pictured on palaces and mosques