

108年台灣銀行新進人員甄試試題及解答

一般金融人員

共同科目

功名文教機構

國文、英文

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於答案卷上作答時，不得書寫與題意無關之姓名、編號或其他不應有的文字、標記、符號等，違反者該科成績以零分計。

壹、國文【第1-25題，每題2分，共計25題，佔50分】

(1)01.請挑出下列錯誤的注音：

(1)「拓」碑 (ㄊㄨㄛˋ)

(2)喜「帖」 (ㄊㄧˋ)

(3)窈「窕」 (ㄧㄠˇ)

(4)「褪」色 (ㄊㄨㄟˋ)

(3)02.下列詞語及其說解，錯誤的選項為下列何者？

(1)銜環結草 / 報恩

(2)百年之後 / 死亡

(3)老驥伏櫪 / 行事磊落

(4)筆走龍蛇 / 書法優美

(1)03.《大學》「自天子以至於庶人，壹是皆以 為本。」， 當為：

(1)修身

(2)齊家

(3)治國

(4)天下

(3)04.《論語 泰伯》「唯天唯大，唯堯則之」，「則」字意為：

(1)法度

(2)模範

(3)效法

(4)乃至

(1)05.下列文句，請依文意選出排列順序最適當的選項：

「現代文明的臺北

甲、現實而刻薄

乙、相反地成為一股緩緩的脈動

丙、到處漂浮著金錢和肉慾的泡影

丁、黑暗並不因艷陽的批判而成為信史

流行在都市的每個角落。」(林耀德 都市的感動)

(1)甲丙丁乙

(2)乙丙丁甲

(3)丙丁甲乙

(4)丁甲乙丙

(2)06.以下為一首古詩，請依詩意選出排列順序最適當的選項：

「結廬在人境，而無車馬喧。

甲、山氣日夕佳，飛鳥相與還

乙、問君何能爾？心遠地自偏

丙、採菊東籬下，悠然見南山

此中有真意，欲辨已忘言。」(陶淵明 飲酒 其五)

(1)甲丙乙

(2)乙丙甲

(3)丙甲乙

(4)丙乙甲

(2)07.《詩經 邶風 柏舟 首章》「汎彼柏舟，亦汎其流。耿耿不寐，如有隱憂。微我無酒，以敖以遊。」使用的作法，是《詩經》「六義」中的：

(1)賦

(2)比

(3)興

(4)頌

(3)08.李商隱 賈生 「宣示求賢訪逐臣，賈生才調更無倫。可憐夜半虛前席，不問蒼生問鬼神。」此詩

的體裁是：

- (1)七言古詩 (2)七言歌行 (3)七言絕句 (4)七言律詩

(3)09.「唐傳奇」是屬：

- (1)詩詞 (2)戲曲 (3)短篇小說 (4)長篇小說

(4)10.下列何書是中國最早的紀傳體斷代史？

- (1)《尚書》 (2)《春秋》 (3)《史記》 (4)《漢書》

(4)11.中國近體詩的「律詩」，除了講究平仄之外，還在二、三聯講求：

- (1)排比 (2)倒裝 (3)節奏 (4)對仗

(3)12.書信寫作中，給商界長輩的「啟封詞」，可以用：

- (1)大啟 (2)勛啟 (3)鈞啟 (4)道啟

(3)13.「蔡董事長今年將屆耳順之年」，蔡董事長的年齡最有可能是：

- (1)三十九歲 (2)四十九歲 (3)五十九歲 (4)六十九歲

(3)14.林覺民 與妻訣別書 「汝不必以無侶悲」句中的「以」字，意思為：

- (1)而 (2)用 (3)因為 (4)因此

(3)15.張爾岐 辨志 「將適燕晉而南其轅」意謂：

- (1)做事得法 (2)路徑熟悉 (3)做事不得法 (4)路徑不熟悉

(3)16.下列有關《詩經》的敘述，錯誤的選項是：

- (1)是中國最早的詩歌總集 (2)有十五國風，其中無楚風
(3)篇章的作者，全部都可考察 (4)傳詩四家，後來僅存毛詩獨傳

(4)17.題辭「弧悅增華」適用於：

- (1)賀女壽 (2)哀少年女喪 (3)哀老年男喪 (4)賀男女雙壽

(1)18.朱慶餘 近試上張水部 「洞房昨夜停紅燭，待曉堂前拜舅姑」其中的「舅姑」是指：

- (1)丈夫的父母 (2)舅父的妻子 (3)舅父和舅媽 (4)丈夫的姑媽

(2)19.《周易 繫辭 古者庖犧氏章》「近取諸身，遠取諸物」句中的兩個「諸」字，其意思為：

- (1)他們 (2)之於 (3)之乎 (4)許多

(2)20.下列各文句及其作者的組合，正確的選項是：

- (1)人之患，在好為人師 / 孔子
(2)醉翁之意不在酒，在乎山水之間 / 歐陽修
(3)蓋文章，經國之大業，不朽之盛事 / 曹植
(4)匹夫而為百世師，一言而為天下法 / 韓愈

(1)21.「跟你握握手 / 你就冒氣 / 請你脫脫帽 / 你就生氣 / 乾乾脆脆 / 一口把你喝下去 / 看你還 / 神不神氣」此詩是在描寫下列何種物品？

- (1)汽水 (2)咖啡 (3)雨水 (4)稀飯

(2)22.「勝敗兵家事不期，包羞忍恥是男兒。江東子弟多才俊，捲土重來未可知」詩中，作者為何人感到惋惜？

- (1)包公 (2)項羽 (3)岳飛 (4)秋瑾

(1)23.下列各句，表現出人物安適神態的選項是：

- (1)倚仗柴門外，臨風聽暮蟬

- (2)夢裡不知身是客，一晌貪歡
 (3)憶來惟把舊書看，幾時攜手入長安
 (4)展花箋欲寫幾句知心事，空教我停霜毫半晌無才思

(1)24.以下為一段古文，請依文意選出排列順序最適當的選項：

- 「當其耕時，不言不殺，
 甲、男婦雜作山野，默默如也
 乙、即華人侮之，不怒，禾熟復初
 丙、謂不如是，則天不祐、神不福
 丁、道路以目，少者背立，長者過，不問答
 將凶歎，不獲有年也。」（節選自陳第 東番記）

- (1)甲丁乙丙 (2)乙甲丁丙 (3)丙丁甲乙 (4)丁丙甲乙

(2)25.「夫事以密成語以泄敗未必其身泄之也而語及所匿之事如此者身危」

上列文字，以現代標點斷句，最適當的選項是：

- (1)夫事以密成，語以泄敗。未必其身泄之也，而語及所，匿之事如此者身危。
 (2)夫事以密成，語以泄敗。未必其身泄之也，而語及所匿之事，如此者身危。
 (3)夫事以密，成語以泄，敗未必，其身泄之也。而語及所匿之事，如此者身危。
 (4)夫事以密，成語以泄敗。未必其身，泄之也而語，及所匿之事，如此者身危。

貳、英文【第26-50題，每題2分，共計25題，占50分】

一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

(1)26.In order to host the upcoming international sports event, the nation plans to construct an athletes' village to _____ players from all over the world.

- (1)accommodate (2)elaborate (3)incorporate (4)orientate

(3)27.It is still unclear whom the queen will choose as her _____ to succeed the throne.

- (1)crook (2)duke (3)heir (4)vice

(1)28.The government _____ the yearly budget to different plans according to importance and emergence.

- (1)allocates (2)escalates (3)integrates (4)obligates

(2)29.The Department of National Defense has issued a warning because the enemy's _____ aircraft was spotted over the capital this morning.

- (1)cordial (2)hostile (3)trivial (4)valiant

(3)30.Crows in this area often collect _____ objects to decorate their nests.

- (1)bleak (2)discreet (3)glistening (4)moralistic

(2)31.The host announces a ten-minute _____ for the speaker and audience to take a rest.

- (1)approval (2)interval (3)editorial (4)ordeal

(3)32.Sticking to her own principle, the actress does all her own _____ instead of using a double.

- (1)bruises (2)mottos (3)stunts (4)traits

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

(2)33.In the presidential debate, the candidate was asked to clarify what he meant _____ pragmatic diplomacy.

- (1)at (2)by (3)through (4)with
- (3)34. Buildings that do not pass the regulations on disaster prevention are _____ to collapse after earthquakes.
 (1)tend (2)like (3)prone (4)risk
- (2)35. _____ the pessimistic situation, the team continues to search for survivors in the wreckage.
 (1)Although (2)Despite (3)Even (4)Though
- (3)36. _____ by the urge to solve cases, the detective considers his work an entertainment rather than a job.
 (1)Drive (2)Drove (3)Driven (4)Driving
- (2)37. The concept that robots may take over humans in jobs that require precision _____ already being realized.
 (1)are (2)is (3)to (4)might
- (1)38. In order to ruin the enemy's blueprints completely, the spy set fire to the building _____ the expense of her own life.
 (1)at (2)by (3)in (4)on
- (3)39. Lacking careful preparation beforehand, much of the material I printed went _____.
 (1)used (2)useable (3)useless (4)useful
- (1)40. If mastering this language is his goal, he had better _____ himself with native speakers.
 (1)acquaint (2)acquaints (3)acquainting (4)acquainted

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

Japan has started testing its fastest-ever bullettrain—capable of reaching 400 kilometers per hour—as it continues to develop the revolutionary mode of travel.

The ALFA-X version of the Shinkansen train began three years' worth of test runs on Friday. 41 it enters operation sometime around 2030, it will run at speeds of up to 360 kph, comfortably making it the world's fastest bullet train. It will also outpace China's Fuxing train, which runs at 10 kph slower 42 being designed with the same top speed capabilities as the ALFA-X. The model's futuristic design features 10 cars and a long pointed nose. It'll be tested on the line between the cities of Sendai and Aomori, which are about 280 kilometers 43.

The ALFA-X marks a new stage of growth for the Shinkansen, pushing the world-renowned high speed rail service even faster towards the future. Its testing debut comes 44 Japan's new high-speed Shinkansen N700S continues tests that began just over a year ago. That model will enter operation in 2020, but its maximum speeds of 300 kph—the same as other N700 series trains—will be easily surpassed by the ALFA-X. The flurry of new models coincides 45 Japan's preparations to host the 2020 Summer Olympics in Tokyo.

No matter what speeds the train achieves during its test runs, it won't match the record-breaking pace of Japan Railway's magnetic levitation, or maglev, train which hit 603 kph on an experimental track in 2015.

- (1)41. (1)Once (2)Since (3)Though (4)While
 (2)42. (1)besides (2)despite (3)rather (4)whether
 (3)43. (1)about (2)along (3)apart (4)away
 (1)44. (1)as (2)but (3)since (4)where
 (4)45. (1)by (2)for (3)of (4)with

四、閱讀測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

It can be argued that music is a core function in our brains. Our brains are wired from the beginning to process and understand music. Yet music has always been sort of a mystery, especially since it's not typically considered “

necessary ” for survival. That is reserved for the trifecta of food, sex, and sleep.

A study came out this month that adds another important piece of information as we continue to figure out how our brain processes music. When we satisfy our desire to eat, sleep, or reproduce, our brain releases dopamine —the “ feel-good ” neurochemical involved when we experience pleasure and reward. It turns out this same chemical is released when listening to music.

A study was conducted by researchers at McGill University in Canada. The researchers used a combination of PET (positron emission tomography) and fMRI (functional magnetic resonance imaging) techniques to scan the brains of the eight participants as they listened to music over the course of three sessions. In addition, the participants completed a questionnaire in which they rated how pleasurable they found the music.

It turns out that when we anticipate and then actually experience a pleasurable response while listening to music, our brain reacts in distinct and specific ways to release the “ feel-good ” chemical dopamine.

From an academic standpoint, this is a fascinating study. According to the researchers, this may be the first study to show that an abstract reward, such as listening to music, releases dopamine. We' ve traditionally considered abstract rewards to be processed on a more cognitive level, but this study shows that our ancient reward circuits can be involved.

Additionally, it points to a shared neural network involving **tangible** and abstract rewards. We already know that skills such as speech production use shared neural networks to those used to sing. This study shows the shared neural circuitry involving how our reward circuits process both tangible and abstract rewards.

From a practical standpoint, this will not affect your average day-to-day listening. Just know that when you experience an emotion while listening to music, your ancient reward circuits are flooding your brain with a chemical designed to make you feel good.

(4)46. What is the main idea of this article?

- (1) Explaining the details of a research in Canada
- (2) Explaining the importance of food, sleep, and sex
- (3) Explaining the main purpose of neural networks
- (4) Explaining the relation between dopamine and music

(1)47. According to the article, which of the following statements is true?

- (1) Music is the first found abstract trigger for dopamine production.
- (2) The study shows that rewards are processed on a higher cognitive level.
- (3) The neural networks used for speech production and singing are different.
- (4) Music is proven in the experiment to be the fourth necessity for our survival.

(1)48. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word **tangible** in the sixth paragraph?

- (1) Concrete
- (2) Disgraceful
- (3) Literate
- (4) Symbolic

(2)49. According to the article, which of the following is NOT true about dopamine?

- (1) It is also known to be the “ feel-good ” neurochemical.
- (2) It shares neural networks with speech production and singing.
- (3) It was traditionally thought to be related to food, sex, and sleep.
- (4) It is evoked when we anticipate and experience pleasurable music.

(1)50. According to the article, what does the “ ancient reward circuits ” refer to?

- (1) The brain
- (2) Music
- (3) Dopamine
- (4) Food, sex, and sleep