

109年台灣銀行檢券員甄試試題及解答

普通科目

功名文教機構

國文、英文

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於答案卷上作答時，不得書寫與題意無關之姓名、編號或其他不應有的文字、標記、符號等，違反者該科成績以零分計。

壹、國文【第1-30題，每題2分，共計30題，佔60分】

(1)01.下列詞義何者解釋錯誤？

(1)莞爾：哄堂大笑的樣子

(2)雕欄玉砌：富麗的建築

(3)骨鯁之臣：個性剛毅，敢進忠言的臣子

(4)睥睨：斜眼看人，顯出傲慢、厭惡的態度

(2)02. (甲) 頭不對馬嘴 (乙) 立雞群 (丙) 落 歸根 (丁) 躍龍門，上列成語 中填入的字為動物名稱的是：

(1)甲乙丙

(2)甲乙丁

(3)乙丙丁

(4)甲乙丙丁

(3)03.下列「單位量詞」和連帶的「名詞」不配合的是：

(1)一帖藥劑

(2)一套理論

(3)一幅碗筷

(4)一碟瓜子

(2)04.下列「」中連詞的使用和句意搭配，何者正確？

(1)他的外表「雖然」有些傷殘，「但」他的內心相當邪惡

(2)眼看就要下大雨了，弟弟「卻」還沒有回家，媽媽無限擔心

(3)野外生活的趣味，「連」現在鄉下的孩子，「卻」可以體會得到

(4)他讀書的態度，「不但」專心，「同時」也很貪玩，因而成效很好

(2)05.下列語詞結構與「藏污納垢」相同的是：

(1)天高地厚

(2)遮風蔽雨

(3)單刀直入

(4)形跡可疑

(1)06.下列題辭何者最不適合贈送給退休老師？

(1)人才濟濟

(2)百年樹人

(3)春風化雨

(4)杏壇之光

(4)07.下列哪個句子運用了擬人修辭？

(1)我平凡的夢想如火燭

(2)整首詞像一幅清新的水墨畫

(3)撲通一聲，鴨子跳進池塘裡。

(4)幸運的是太陽，它能夠在上海看見蕭伯納

(3)08.下列各句「」中的詞語，詞性與其他三者不同的是：

(1)喝一口「冰冰涼涼」的井水

(2)她有一張「白白淨淨」的臉

(3)他「急急忙忙」的跑到定點

(4)他踏著「整整齊齊」的步伐

(3)09.下列成語，第二個「」和第四個「」字何者意義相反？

(1)單「刀」赴「」

(2)言「簡」意「」

(3)虎「頭」蛇「」

(4)溫「文」儒「」

(2)10.下列句子何者沒有錯字？

(1)他對任何人都投以輕篋的眼光

(2)聽完他說的理由後，大家都會心一笑

- (3)奧運代表隊帶著祝福浩浩盪盪的出發了
 (4)歹徒行搶後，旁若無人的揚長而去，真是囂張
- (4)11.下列諺語，何者有「集思廣益」之意？
 (1)一枝草，一點露
 (2)早起的鳥兒有蟲吃
 (3)三百六十行，行行出狀元
 (4)三個臭皮匠，勝過一個諸葛亮
- (3)12.下列現代詩句，並未運用狀聲詞的是：
 (1)我達達的馬蹄是美麗的錯誤
 (2)不斷的潺潺 / 是大自然的歌唱
 (3)玻璃窗外 / 行人匆匆走過 / 尾隨著迷失的狗
 (4)源自春泉的水已在四壁間蕩著 / 那叮叮有聲的陶瓶還未垂下來
- (4)13.下列何文句使用了「視覺」與「聽覺」摹寫？
 (1)花繁葉滿
 (2)山這樣清秀，水這樣清澄
 (3)惟日光照去，他的髮色與魚的鱗色偶閃銀光
 (4)小舟的影子越來越遠，槳聲的起落越來越輕
- (3)14.語文的上下兩句，詞彙大多相同，而詞序恰好相反的修辭法，叫做「回文」。下列何者不是使用回文修辭法？
 (1)學而不思則罔，思而不學則殆
 (2)弟子不必不如師，師不必賢於弟子
 (3)復前行，欲窮其林。林盡水源，便得一山
 (4)我們是因為生活空虛才覺得生命沒有意義，還是因為生命沒有意義才感到生活空虛？
- (1)15.由下列作品可知，詩人常常以「梧桐」來描寫：
 甲、李煜 相見歡：「寂寞梧桐深院鎖清秋」
 乙、李清照 聲聲慢：「梧桐更兼細雨，到黃昏點點滴滴」
 丙、白居易 長恨歌：「秋雨梧桐葉落時」
 (1)寂寞淒涼 (2)落日餘暉 (3)寧靜安詳 (4)浪跡天涯
- (3)16.下列含有「是」的詩句，使用譬喻修辭法的是：
 (1)我想媽媽從前 / 也是一個可愛的嬰兒
 (2)是誰傳下詩人這行業 / 黃昏裡掛起一盞燈
 (3)稻田是整塊潤澤的綠玉鋪就 / 且鑲嵌大片的純金色陽光
 (4)只是一顆星罷了 / 在無邊的黑暗裡 / 已寫盡了宇宙的寂寞
- (3)17.「你若經濟拮据的話，就儘量少請朋友吃飯，不要。」中的詞語應填入下列何者較合適？
 (1)請你賞個臉 (2)面子不夠大
 (3)打腫臉充胖子 (4)給你臉，你不要臉
- (3)18.里爾克說：「但有的人卻以驚人的速度在換面孔。他們一個個試用，立刻把它們用壞。他們以為總歸夠用的。哪知道剛到四十歲就已經用到最後一個了」。下列詞語，最適合形容這類人性格的是：
 (1)矛盾 (2)貪婪 (3)善變 (4)退怯
- (1)19.下列各組「」中的字，何者讀音相同？
 (1)膾「炙」 / 「桎」梏 (2)窗「帘」 / 禁「嚮」
 (3)「掇」拾 / 「輟」學 (4)「懂」憬 / 「瞳」孔

- (1)20.下列各組「」內的詞語，何者意思相近？
- (1)果不其「然」／不以為「然」
 - (2)「寧」以義死／歸「寧」之日
 - (3)不逆情以「干」讐／執「干」戈以衛社稷
 - (4)是君子之所難，而小人之所「易」也／賢賢「易」色
- (2)21.(甲)風調雨順(乙)櫛風沐雨(丙)海不揚波(丁)海屋添壽(戊)堯天舜日(己)河清海晏(庚)河梁攜手，何者是形容太平景象的成語？
- (1)甲乙丁己
 - (2)甲丙戊己
 - (3)丁戊己庚
 - (4)乙丙戊庚
- (1)22.下列各組成語，何者意義不相同？
- (1)抱薪救火／曲突徙薪
 - (2)披荊斬棘／筲路藍縷
 - (3)食不下咽／寢不安席
 - (4)視如敝屣／如棄草芥
- (1)23.推敲下列詩句的意旨，其中不含有「傷別離」的是：
- (1)不才明主棄，久病故人疏
 - (2)良會未有期，中心摧且傷
 - (3)弔影分為千里雁，辭根散作九秋蓬
 - (4)忽見陌頭楊柳色，悔教夫婿覓封侯
- (2)24.下列詞語所指稱的對象，何者錯誤？
- (1)東床，指女婿
 - (2)西席，指主人
 - (3)北堂，指母親。
 - (4)中饋，指妻子
- (3)25.下列缺空依序應填入的詞語是：
- 「唉，經濟不景氣，就連多利集團也傳出跳票，聽說他們的財務狀況 可危！」
- 「你說的是那家 大名、擁有數十家連鎖店的大企業？」
- 「沒錯，現在他們的員工、下游廠商和投資者全都憂心 。」
- 「怎麼會這樣？」「這原因可複雜了，且聽我 道來。」
- (1)岌岌／頂頂／忡忡／媿媿
 - (2)急急／頂頂／沖沖／委委
 - (3)岌岌／鼎鼎／忡忡／媿媿
 - (4)急急／鼎鼎／沖沖／委委
- (1)26.有關面毛的詞彙，依「耳旁／耳下兩頰／口上／口下」的順序排列，下列何者正確？
- (1)鬚／髯／髭／鬚
 - (2)鬚／髭／鬚／髯
 - (3)髯／鬚／鬚／髭
 - (4)髯／髭／鬚／鬚
- (4)27.章回小說是中國古代特有的小說形式，在每一回前，都有回目提示此回的重點。下列回目，出自《水滸傳》的是：
- (1)官封弼馬心何足，名注齊天意未寧
 - (2)宴桃園豪傑三結義，斬黃巾英雄首立功
 - (3)王孝廉村學識同科，周蒙師暮年登上第
 - (4)林教頭風雪山神廟，陸虞候火燒草料場
- (1)28.下列民謠歌詞，與「我達達的馬蹄是美麗的錯誤／我不是歸人／是個過客」情境最相近的是：
- (1)聽見外面有人來，開門甲看覓。月娘笑阮憨大猷，被風騙不知(望春風)
 - (2)三線路月圓圓，真是月圓初戀時。戀花當開當歡喜，無疑愛情半酸甜(三線路)
 - (3)閒夜無伴，偎在桌邊。看見當開，一蕊花枝，含帶香味，花紅葉青。引阮心內，思念當時(碎心花)
 - (4)人阮彼日甲伊雙人，做陣去遊江。伊有對阮講起愛情，說出青春夢。又攔講阮生成愛嬌，生成真活動。乎阮一時想著歹勢，見笑面煞紅(滿面春風)
- (4)29.下列對聯與杜甫相吻合的是：
- (1)功名飛燕誤／心跡大鵬具
 - (2)兩州刺史千秋業／萬首歌行八斗才
 - (3)佛骨謫來，嶺海因而生色／鱷魚徙去，江河自此澄清

(4)詩史數千言，秋天一鵠先生骨 / 草堂三五里，春水群鷗野老心

(1)30.「君子雖 _____，卻好學益厲。」缺空的成語最適合的是：

- (1)饕餮不繼 (2)雕蚶鏤蛤 (3)鐘鳴鼎食 (4)食前方丈

貳、英文【第31-50題，每題2分，共計20題，占40分】

一、字彙【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

(2)31. When the winning team was announced, they all _____ loudly and stepped onstage to collect their trophy.

- (1)relaxed (2)cheered (3)focused (4)strolled

(1)32. Looking back on the past, we learn that it is often the small steps, not the giant _____, that bring about the most lasting change.

- (1)leaps (2)funds (3)areas (4)blows

(4)33. Whether it's snowboarding or bungee jumping, Jason is always ready for a new _____.

- (1)delivery (2)costume (3)schedule (4)adventure

(1)34. It is _____ that Leo didn't sleep well last night. He kept yawning and then dozed off during the meeting.

- (1)obvious (2)cautious (3)regional (4)doubtful

(4)35. If you want to read the whole article on the website, you have to fill in your personal details and _____ first.

- (1)advise (2)march (3)defend (4)register

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

(1)36. The stoves are very hot. You had better not let your children _____ around in the kitchen.

- (1)run (2)ran (3)to run (4)running

(3)37. After failing many subjects, the student finally realized _____ he had to be more serious with his studies.

- (1)if (2)of (3)that (4)what

(2)38. Nowadays, people often have their eyes _____ to their cellphones rather than exchange conversation with their family.

- (1)glue (2)glued (3)gluing (4)to glue

(2)39. A recent poll shows that nearly 40% of college graduates _____ willing to work abroad, with China being the most popular destination.

- (1)is (2)are (3)to be (4)being

(1)40. Cyber bullying is also bullying. Hiding behind a pretty screen doesn't make _____ any less hateful.

- (1)it (2)them (3)those (4)itself

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

Tokyo is gearing up for the 2020 Summer Olympic Games, which will kick off in the end of July. Stadiums are being readied and 41 is being prepped, with a view to safeguarding athletes' performance and spectators' excitement. Meanwhile, in the Olympic village, organizers are preparing to move in some interesting and 42 beds, made of recyclable cardboard!

A bedding company called Airweave will be supplying 18,000 "high resistance lightweight cardboard" beds with polyethylene mattresses for the Olympic athletes and an additional 8,000 beds for the Paralympians. The beds aren't

just sustainable, but 43 designed for maximum comfort for the athletes. The level of firmness of the mattresses can be adjusted to suit different needs and body types. Sections that support the shoulders, waist, and legs can all be individually 44 by the athletes. The sustainable nature of the beds isn't just in the material they are made of. After the Olympics, the cardboard bed frames will be recycled into paper products, 45 the mattresses will be recycled into new plastic products. The use of the sustainable beds is just one of the many measures Japan has carried out to show its unwavering commitment to the 3R of the environment, i.e. reduce, reuse, and recycle.

- | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| (2)41.(1)scenery | (2)security | (3)schedule | (4)sample |
| (4)42.(1)politically correct | | (2)physically possible | |
| (3)widely recognized | | (4)environmentally friendly | |
| (1)43.(1)are | (2)to be | (3)have | (4)will have |
| (3)44.(1)resisted | (2)exposed | (3)modified | (4)observed |
| (2)45.(1)that | (2)while | (3)because | (4)until |

四、閱讀測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

John: Argh Just look at this. What do you see?

Sue: I see a very messy desk. What do you see?

John: I see projects—projects that I have started but haven't got finished.

Sue: You should think about finishing what you start.

John: Yeah, as the year draws to a close, that's exactly what I'm thinking. How can I finish my projects?

Sue: Well, you need to define what it means for a project to be finished.

John: Well, maybe to submit a report to our boss; you know I can't lose his faith. Maybe to create a design, to have a product demonstration in trade shows, or maybe

Sue: If you don't know your goal, you're not likely to reach it.

John: Ahh! I see what you mean.

Sue: You should also plan out the steps you will take.

John: Hmmm, maybe I can break a big task into smaller ones, and give myself a short-term deadline for each step.

Sue: Then commit to it. When you finish, celebrate and enjoy your accomplishment!

John: Reward myself? I like that idea.

Sue: Yeah, but don't forget to pause and reflect. Consider what you did well and what needs improvement.

John: Reflect on the past year?

Sue: Reflecting on the past doesn't mean **wallowing in your failures**. If you made mistakes, recognize them and then move one.

John: Indeed, no one can change the past, but I can learn from it and create a new future. You know, I'll also consider the things I am thankful for from this past year.

Sue: Excellent! Hey, make a list—one for each month.

John: That's twelve things. Or, maybe one for each week!

Sue: Or, maybe as many as you can think of.

John: Yeah, this will help me end the year with a positive attitude.

Sue: And, don't forget saying " Thank you. "

John: OK. " Thank you, Sue. "

Sue: You're welcome. But firstly, clean up your desk. It's really messy.

(3)46.What is a likely relationship between Sue and John?

(1)Siblings.

(2)Neighbors.

(3)Colleagues.

(4)Mother and son.

(4)47.Which of the followings is **NOT** mentioned as a way to finish well?

(1)Knowing your goal.

(2)Finishing what you have started.

(3)Planning out the steps you'll take.

(4)Rewarding yourself before you start.

(4)48.What do you know about John?

(1)He doesn't like the idea of reviewing the past.

(2)He doesn't appreciate what Sue has suggested.

(3)He has always kept his place tidy and organized.

(4)He is seeking tips for bringing tasks to completion.

(1)49.According to the dialogue, what is true about being thankful for the past year?

(1)It helps one develop a positive attitude.

(2)Writing a thank-you card will do the work.

(3)It's better not to have a list of more than 12.

(4)It should only be done face to face and verbally.

(3)50.What does Sue mean by “ **wallowing in your failures** ” in the conversation?

(1)To complain about the past frustration.

(2)To pay no attention to the past frustration.

(3)To sink into the past unpleasant experiences.

(4)To make fun of the past unpleasantexperiences.